Earnings and Expenses.—The operating ratio, or ratio of expenses to revenues, of Canadian railways increased from around 70 p.c. to over 90 p.c. between 1917-20, and remained high thereafter. The United States Government took over the operation of the United States railways and increased the rates of pay of the railway employees when that country entered the First World War. The Canadian railways were also obliged to make corresponding increases and these have been the chief factor in increased operating ratio. Declining revenues without corresponding reductions in expenses during the depression period also maintained the high ratio. The period from 1938 to 1943 showed a sharp decline in this ratio, due primarily to the greatly increased freight traffic occasioned by the Second World War and a subsequent acceleration in gross earnings. A steadily rising trend has been in evidence since 1943.

5.—Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1936-46

Note.—Gross earnings and operating expenses for the years 1875 to 1914 are given at p. 434 of the 1916-17 Year Book. The analyses per mile of line and per train mile go back to 1908 only and are given for 1908 to 1916 at p. 435 of the 1916-17 Year Book. Corresponding figures for the years 1915 to 1925 are given at p. 550 of the 1941 Year Book and for 1926 to 1935 at p. 585 of the 1942 Year Book.

Year	Gross Earnings	Operating Expenses	Ratio of Expenses to Receipts	Pe	r Mile of L	Freight Train Revenue per Freight	Passenger Train Revenue per	
				Gross Earnings	Operating Expenses	Net Earnings	Train Mile	Passenger Train Mile
	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	355, 103, 271 336, 833, 400 367, 179, 095 429, 142, 659 538, 291, 947 663, 610, 570 778, 914, 565	$\begin{array}{c} 283,345,968\\ 300,652,548\\ 295,705,638\\ 304,373,285\\ 335,287,503\\ 403,733,542\\ 485,783,584\\ 560,597,204\\ 634,774,021\\ 631,497,562\\ 623,529,472 \end{array}$	84.64 84.67 87.79 82.89 78.13 75.00 73.20 71.98 79.68 81.49 86.79	7,839 8,316 7,888 8,604 10,074 12,673 15,659 18,398 18,861 18,331 16,967	$\begin{array}{c} 6,634\\ 7,041\\ 6,925\\ 7,132\\ 7,870\\ 9,504\\ 11,463\\ 13,241\\ 15,029\\ 14,937\\ 14,724 \end{array}$	$1,205 \\1,275 \\963 \\1,472 \\2,204 \\3,169 \\4,196 \\5,157 \\3,832 \\3,394 \\2,243$	5.10 5.17 5.48 5.63 5.78 6.53 6.98 6.91 6.92 6.83	$1.79 \\ 1.74 \\ 1.67 \\ 1.97 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.93 \\ 3.68 \\ 3.82 \\ 3.70 \\ 3.21 \\ $

6.--Distribution of Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1943-46

Item	1943		1944		1945		1946	
	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.
Way and structures Equipment Traffic Transportation General and miscellaneous. Totals	120, 597, 853 130, 009, 452 10, 542, 715 261, 689, 121 37, 758, 063 560, 597, 204	$23 \cdot 2 \\ 1 \cdot 9 \\ 46 \cdot 7 \\ 6 \cdot 7 \\$	146,692,062 11,146,008 295,852,998 42,832,764	$23 \cdot 1 \\ 1 \cdot 8 \\ 46 \cdot 6 \\ 6 \cdot 7 \\$	144,500,231 11,203,744 297,754,037 45,569,165	47·2 7·2	135,933,150 13,781,898 304,519,437 47,201,827	$21 \cdot 8$ $2 \cdot 2$ $48 \cdot 8$ $7 \cdot 6$

Railway Salaries and Wages.—The number of employees registered an increase in 1946 over 1938 of $41 \cdot 2$ p.c. while salaries and wages increased by $103 \cdot 4$ p.c. The latter rise was due to an increase in time worked per employee as well as to increased rates of pay. Maintenance of equipment employees, on hourly rates, worked $11 \cdot 5$ p.c. more hours and were paid $52 \cdot 7$ p.c. more wages per employee and transportation employees worked an average of $9 \cdot 3$ p.c. more hours for an increase in pay of 46 p.c.